



## GRIPLINK FOR UNIVERSAL ROBOTS

Version 2.1.0  
August 2024



## Contents

1	Introduction .....	2
1.1	Notation and symbols .....	2
1.2	Intended use .....	2
1.3	System requirements .....	2
1.4	License terms .....	3
1.5	Demo programs .....	3
2	Installation .....	3
2.1	Installing the software .....	3
2.2	Uninstalling the software .....	5
3	Hardware setup .....	6
4	Functionality of the plugin .....	7
4.1	Operation via program node .....	7
4.2	Operation using URScript .....	7
5	Preparation of the robot .....	8
5.1	Setup .....	8
6	Program nodes (Nodes) .....	10
6.1	Basic program sequence .....	10
6.2	Establishing a connection - GRIPLINK Connect .....	11
6.3	Close connection - GRIPLINK Bye .....	12
6.4	Checking a connected device - GRIPLINK Check Device .....	13
6.5	Referencing the device - GRIPLINK Home .....	15
6.6	Activating and deactivating the device - GRIPLINK Enable/Disable .....	17
6.7	Gripping and releasing - GRIPLINK Grip/Release .....	20
6.8	Flexible gripping, releasing and pre-positioning - GRIPLINK Flexgrip/Flexrelease .....	22
6.9	Evaluation of the finger position - GRIPLINK Get Position .....	25
6.10	Status query - GRIPLINK Devstate .....	27
6.11	Gripping and releasing with multiple grippers - GRIPLINK Multi Grip/Release .....	29
6.12	Reading out device values - GRIPLINK Value .....	32
6.13	Set device value - GRIPLINK Set Value .....	34
6.14	Wait for device value - GRIPLINK Wait Value .....	36
6.15	Control of the LED illuminated ring - GRIPLINK LED .....	38
6.16	Configuring a grip preset - GRIPLINK Set Grip Config .....	40
6.17	Control mechanical clamping - GRIPLINK Clamp .....	42
Appendix A	Device status .....	44

# 1 Introduction

With GRIPLINK technology, IO-Link compatible automation components can be connected to robot systems from leading manufacturers via a network connection. The GRIPLINK plug-in for Universal Robots is the control-side link and enables the simple integration of GRIPLINK technology from WEISS ROBOTICS into robot systems from the manufacturer Universal Robots.



These instructions describe the functions of the FLEXGRIP plug-in for robots from Universal Robots. For information on installing, commissioning and operating the GRIPKIT-Easy gripping module, please refer to the operating instructions. These can be found online at [www.weiss-robotics.com/gripkit-easy/](http://www.weiss-robotics.com/gripkit-easy/).

## 1.1 Notation and symbols

The following symbols are used in these instructions to provide a better overview:



Functional or safety-relevant information. Failure to observe this may endanger the safety of personnel and the system, damage the appliance or impair the function of the appliance.



Additional information for a better understanding of the facts described.



Reference to further information.

The GRIPLINK plug-in is compatible with all devices that support the GRIPLINK protocol via TCP/IP. This includes the GRIPLINK-ET4 and the gripping modules of the WPG series.

For ease of reading, these devices are summarized under the term „GRIPLINK Controller“.

## 1.2 Intended use

The „GRIPLINK-Plugin“ software is intended for communication between a GRIPLINK controller from WEISS ROBOTICS and a robot controller. The requirements of the applicable directives and the installation and operating instructions in this manual must be observed and complied with. Any other or additional use is considered improper use. The manufacturer is not liable for any resulting damage.

## 1.3 System requirements

This plugin is compatible with GRIPLINK-ET4 from firmware version 5.0.0 and WPG gripping modules from firmware version 2.0.1.

One of the following Universal Robots robot controllers is required for operation:

- UR CB3.1 with software version 3.11 or higher
- UR e-Series with software version 5.5 or higher



The IP address of the GRIPLINK controller must be in the same subnet as that of the robot controller.

## 1.4 License terms

The GRIPLINK plug-in is protected by copyright. The applicable license terms are included with the software package. With the installation you accept these license terms.

## 1.5 Demo programs

The demo programs included in the software package show how to use the plug-in. They are intended for test purposes only!

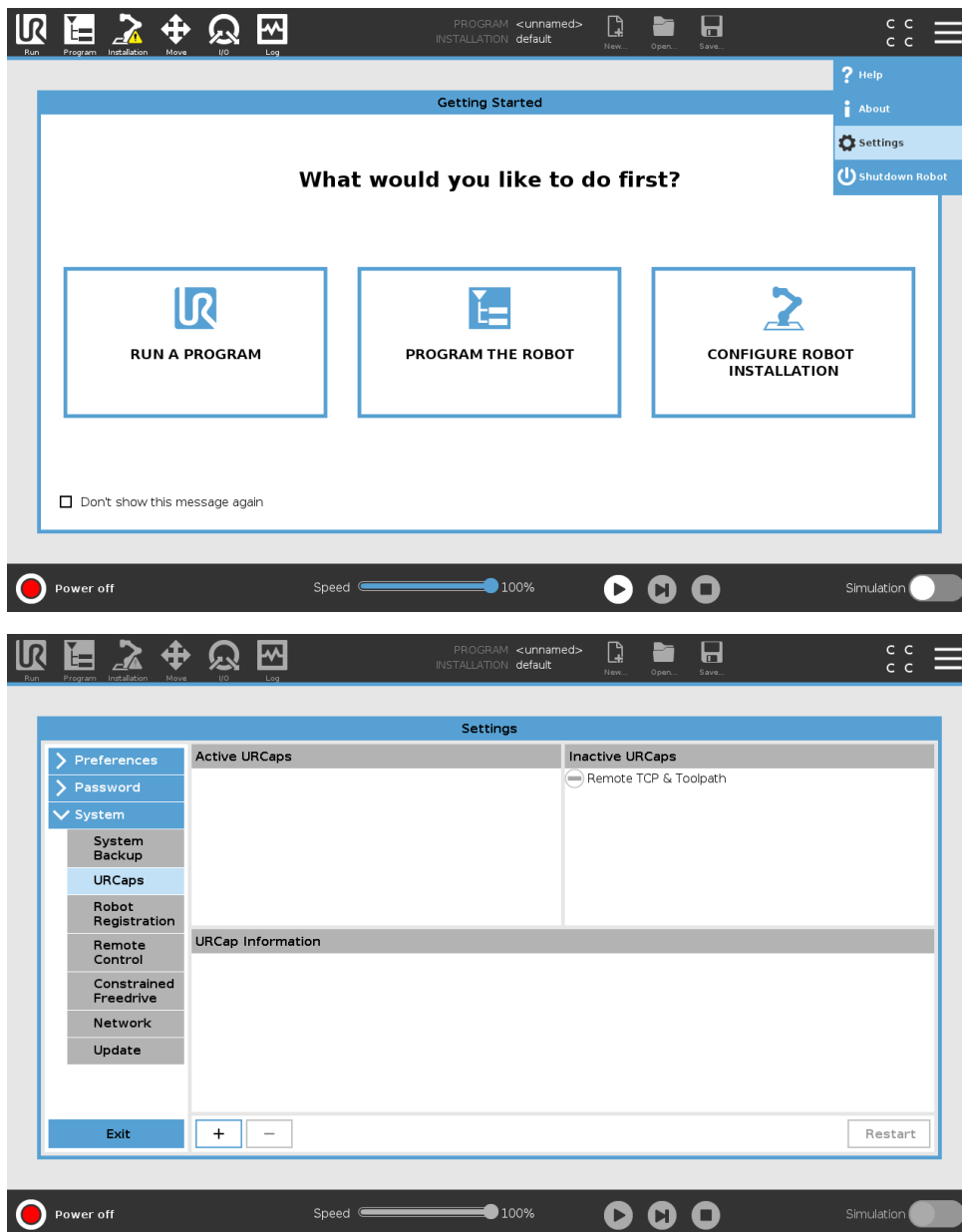
# 2 Installation

## 2.1 Installing the software

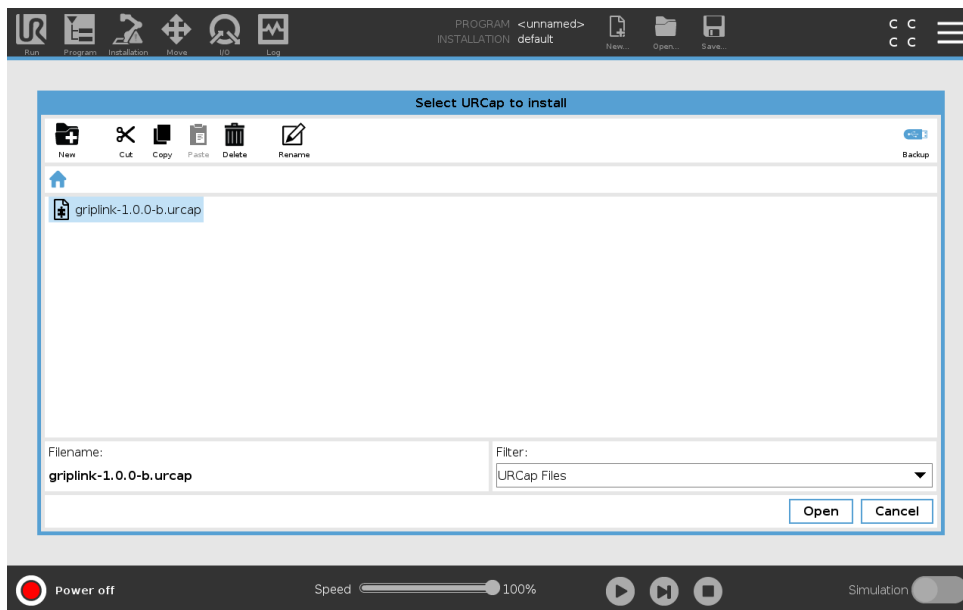


Make sure that you are using the latest version of the GRIPLINK plugin. The latest version can be downloaded at [www.griplink.de](http://www.griplink.de).

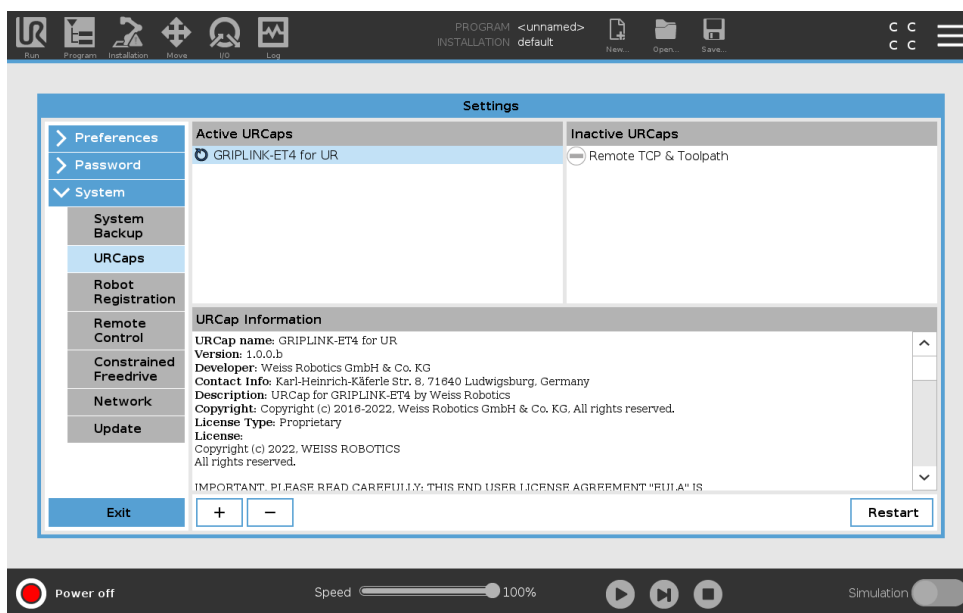
1. Download the plugin file „griplink\_plugin\_universalrobots\_<version>.zip“.
2. Unpack the previously downloaded ZIP archive with the GRIPLINK plug-in into the root directory of a USB stick and insert it into the USB slot of the Teach Pendant.
3. Open the settings and navigate to the „System/URCaps“ menu



4. Press the „+“ button and select the previously unzipped .urcap file



5. Restart the robot by pressing the “Restart” button



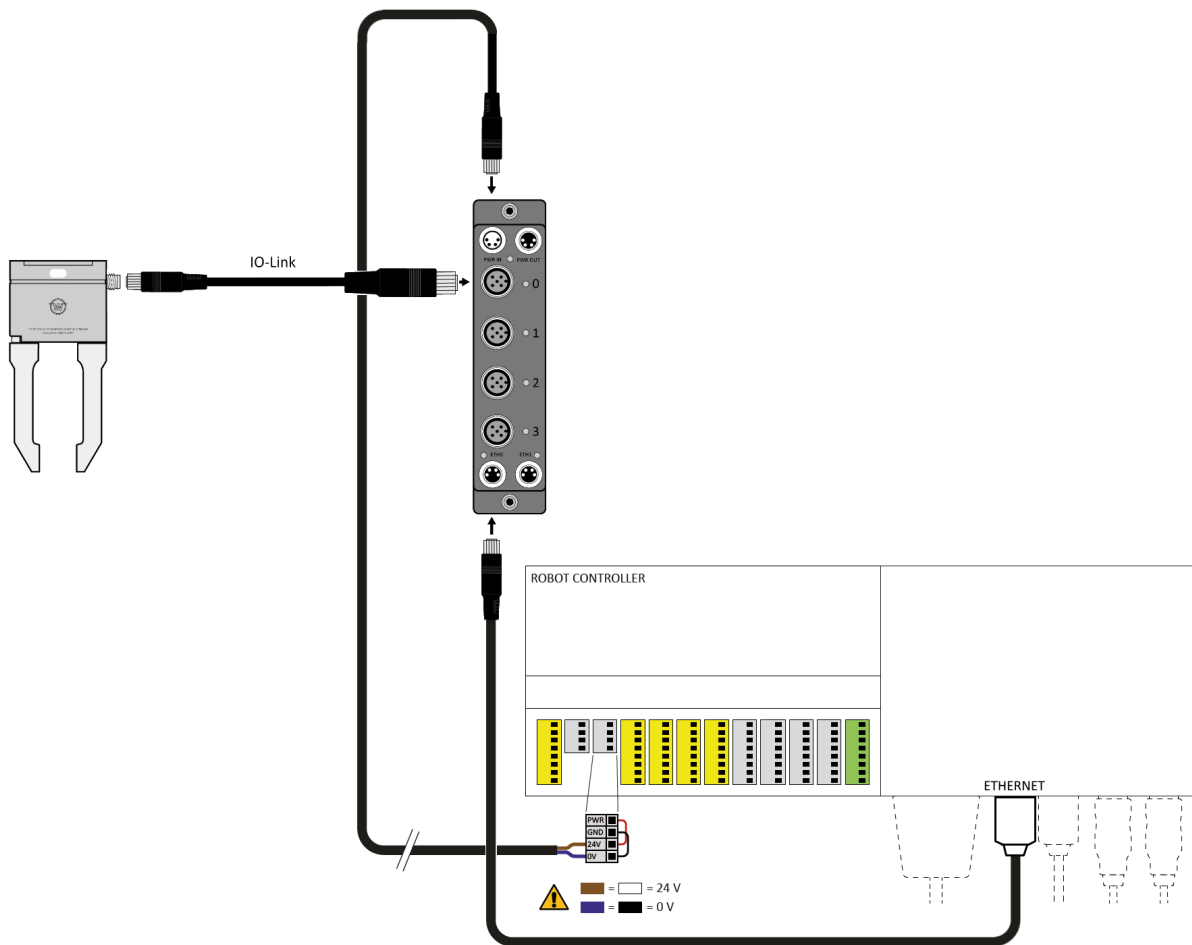
### 2.1.1 Checking the installation

After you have completed the installation process, the “GRIPLINK” entry appears in the „Installation” main menu, as well as various GRIPLINK nodes under the “URCaps” menu item in the „Program” main menu.

## 2.2 Uninstalling the software

To remove the GRIPLINK plug-in from your robot, follow the instructions in the robot controller manual.

### 3 Hardware setup



If you are not sure whether the power supply via the robot controller connection is sufficient to operate all devices connected to the GRIPLINK, use an external power supply!



The power supply must be adequately dimensioned in conjunction with the connected devices!

## **4 Functionality of the plugin**

### **4.1 Operation via program node**

After installation, the plugin provides various function nodes that can be inserted into a robot program like other robot commands.

### **4.2 Operation via URScript**

The plugin includes a set of basic functions in URScript, which can also be called from within the robot program using the corresponding script program node. These basic functions are automatically integrated into the robot program when the plugin is installed.

In section 6 describes the available functions in more detail.



## 5 Preparing the robot

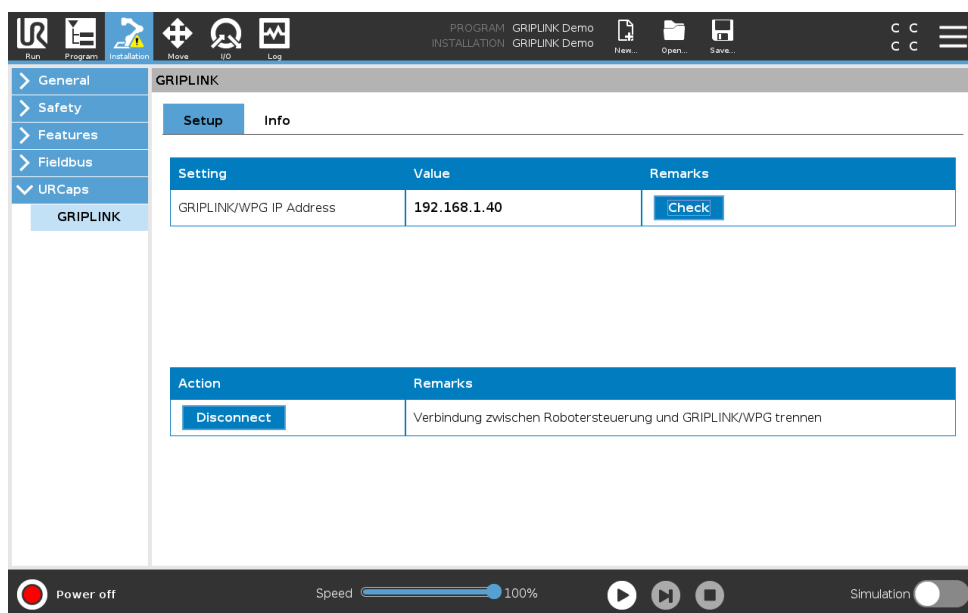
The basic settings of the GRIPLINK-URCap must be made in the corresponding installation.



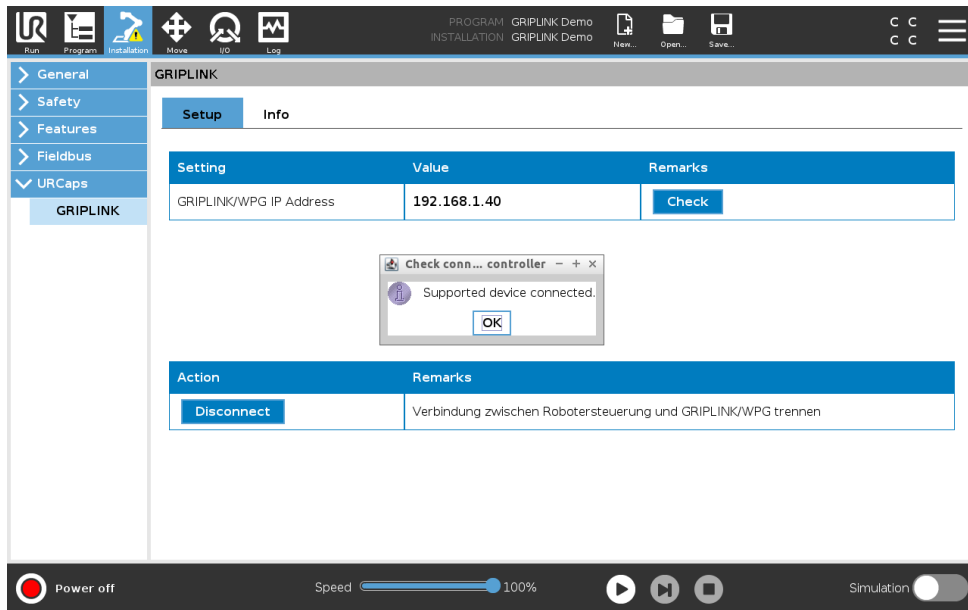
The GRIPLINK controller is configured via the respective web interface, which can be accessed via the set IP address (default: 192.168.1.40).

### 5.1 Setup

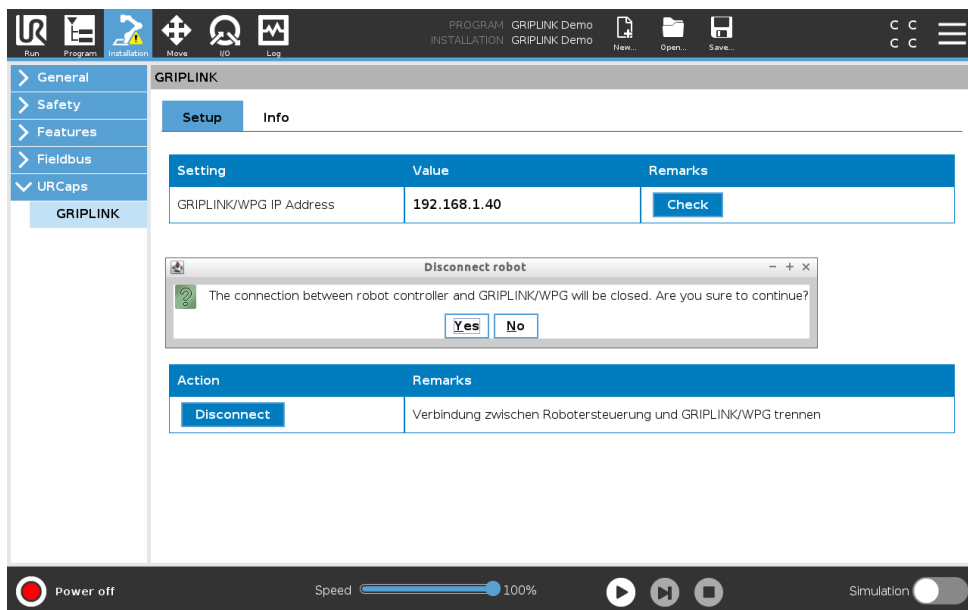
The IP address of the GRIPLINK controller connected to the robot is entered in the setup.



The „Check“ button can be used to check whether the configured GRIPLINK controller is connected.



If a connection between the robot controller and GRIPLINK Controller is active, no gripping commands can be executed via the buttons of the program nodes. The „Disconnect“ button can be used to disconnect the connection:



Do not disconnect the connection while a robot program is running! Risk of damage and injury due to falling parts!

## 6 Program nodes (Nodes)

### 6.1 Basic program sequence

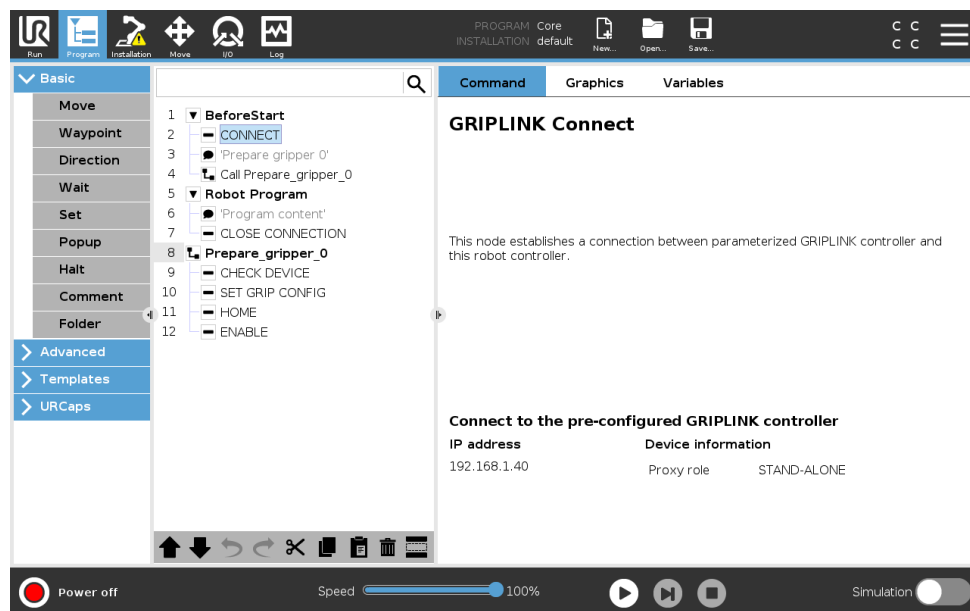
Every robot program that controls devices such as grippers and sensors via the GRIPLINK should follow the following design guidelines.

#### 6.1.1 Program

##### The BeforeStart section

1. initially contains the „GRIPLINK Connect“ node
2. then contains the call of a subroutine for gripper initialization for each device connected to GRIPLINK.

The correct device is ensured here using „GRIPLINK Check Device“ and then configured, referenced and activated for the specific device if necessary



##### The Robot Program section

1. contains the commands for gripping and releasing
2. processes variables that are described by nodes, e.g. for status and value queries
3. of programs that do not run continuously, the „GRIPLINK Bye“ node should be called at the end of the program to ensure a clean exit from the network interface

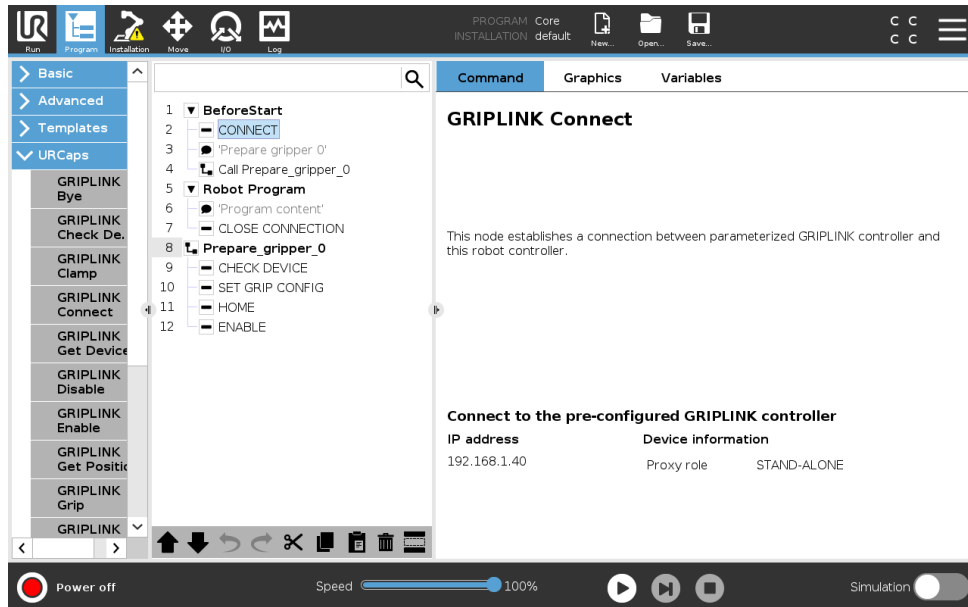


Correct functioning can only be guaranteed if this basic procedure is followed.

The available commands of the plugin are described in the following sections. Each command can be used both as a graphical node and as a URScript implementation.

## 6.2 Establishing a connection – GRIPLINK Connect

This command establishes the connection between the GRIPLINK controller and the robot controller. The IP address set on the installation page of the plug-in is displayed.



If the GRIPLINK Controller can be reached at the IP address set during installation, additional information such as the proxy role is displayed. If not, check the connection.

### 6.2.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_CONNECT(  
    <GRIPLINK_IP>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

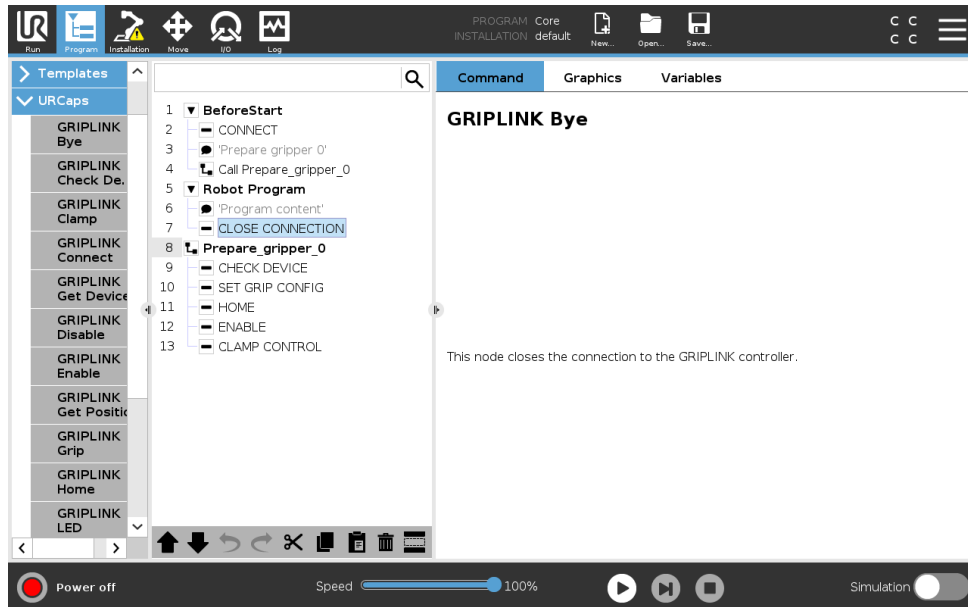
Parameters	Type	Meaning
<GRIPLINK_IP>	String	IP address of the GRIPLINK controller E.g. „192.168.1.40“
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

```
GL_CONNECT („192.168.1.40“, „sock_griplink“)
```

## 6.3 Close connection – GRIPLINK Bye

This command disconnects the connection between the GRIPLINK Controller and the robot controller. This can be useful if the GRIPLINK controller is installed behind a changer.



After disconnecting, no commands can be sent until GRIPLINK Connect is called up again!

### 6.3.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_BYE (  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“  The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

Example:

```
GL_BYE („sock_griplink“)
```

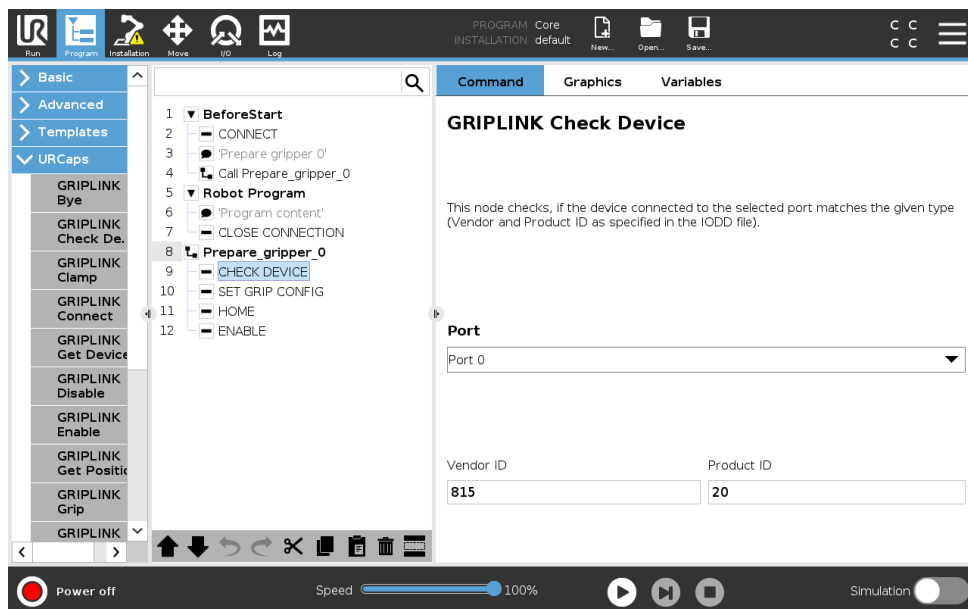
## 6.4 Checking a connected device – GRIPLINK Check Device

Before a device is used in the program, it is advisable to check whether the expected device is also connected. The „GRIPLINK Check Device“ node checks at the selected port whether the vendor and product ID (VID/PID) of the connected device match the expected values. The robot program is stopped immediately if they do not match.



Further information on the vendor and product ID can be found in the operating instructions for the respective device.

The port, vendor and product ID can be set in the settings of the „GRIPLINK Check Device“ node. In the example, an IEG 55-020 from WEISS ROBOTICS (VID 815, PID 20) is expected at port 0.



### 6.4.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_DEVASSERT (  
    <PORT>,  
    <VENDOR_ID>,  
    <PRODUCT_ID>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<VENDOR_ID>	Integer	Vendor ID of the expected device
<PRODUCT_ID>	Integer	Product ID of the expected device
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

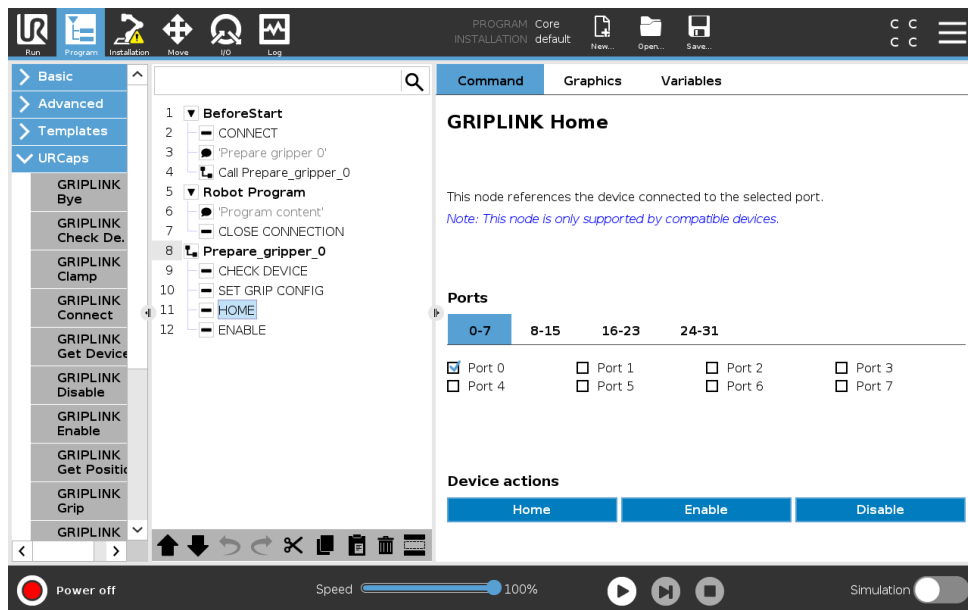
```
# Ensure, a WEISS ROBOTICS IEG 55-020 (VID 815, PID 20) is connected  
# to port 0  
GL_DEVASSERT(0,815,22, „sock_griplink“)
```

## 6.5 Referencing a device – GRIPLINK Home

If necessary, a device must be referenced at the beginning. The „GRIPLINK Home“ node is used for this.



Further details can be found in the operating instructions for the respective device.



Several gripping modules can be referenced at the same time.



At least one port must be selected!



### 6.5.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_HOME (  
    <PORT>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

```
# Home device connected to port 0  
GL_HOME(0, „sock_griplink“)
```

## 6.6 Activating and deactivating the device – GRIPLINK Enable/Disable

Devices can be activated and deactivated during operation.

The „Wait for status transitions“ checkbox can be used to control whether the device status of the devices on the selected ports should actually change after the command has been executed.

If a device is already in the DISABLED state when the „GRIPLINK Disable“ program node is called up, this leads to a timeout and the program is aborted.



Some devices must first be activated using the Enable command before they can be used! Further details can be found in the operating instructions for the respective device driver.



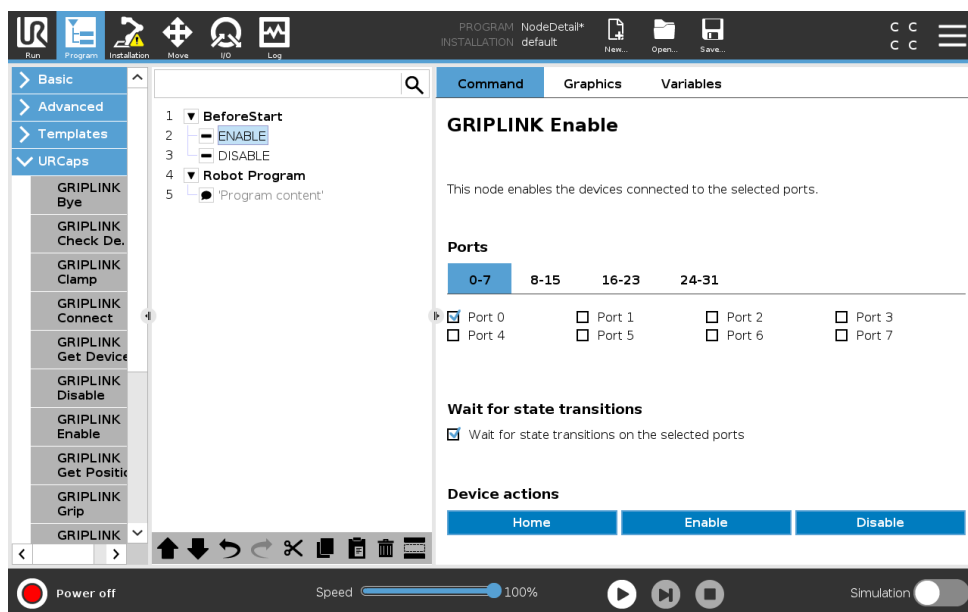
Several devices can be activated/deactivated at the same time.

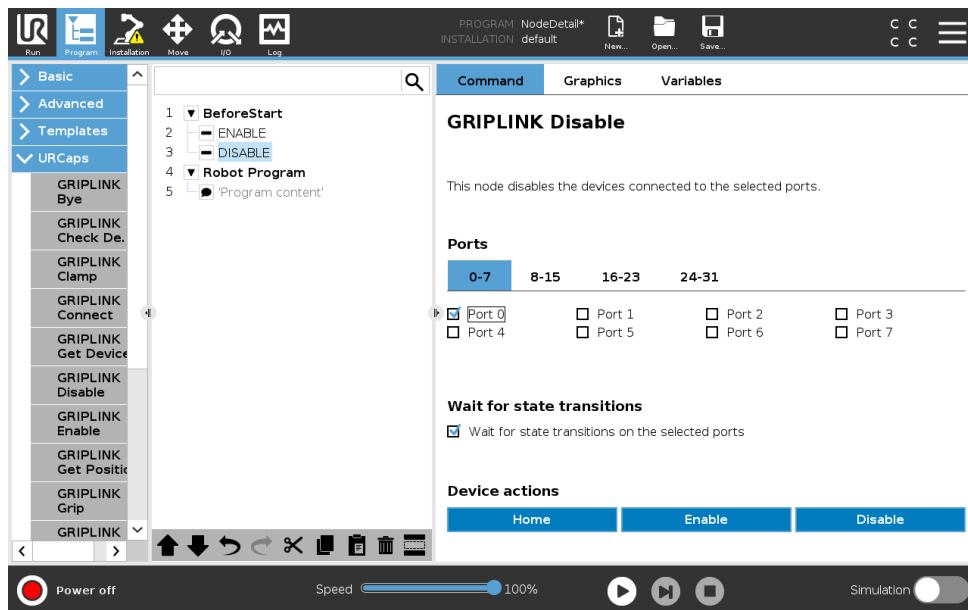


At least one port must be selected!



Make sure that the devices are in a permissible state if the „Wait for state transitions“ checkbox is checked!





Several gripping modules can be activated/deactivated at the same time.



At least one port must be selected!

### 6.6.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_ENABLE (
    <PORT>,
    <WSTR_ENABLED>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

```
GL_DISABLE (
    <PORT>,
    <WSTR_ENABLED>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<WSTR_ENABLED>	Boolean	„True“ to wait for the status transition of the device „False“ so as not to wait for the device to change state
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“  The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

**Example:**

```
# Disable device connected to port 0, wait until disabled
GL_DISABLE(0,True, „sock_griplink“)

# Enable device connected to port 0 again, wait until enabled
GL_ENABLE(0,True, „sock_griplink“)
```

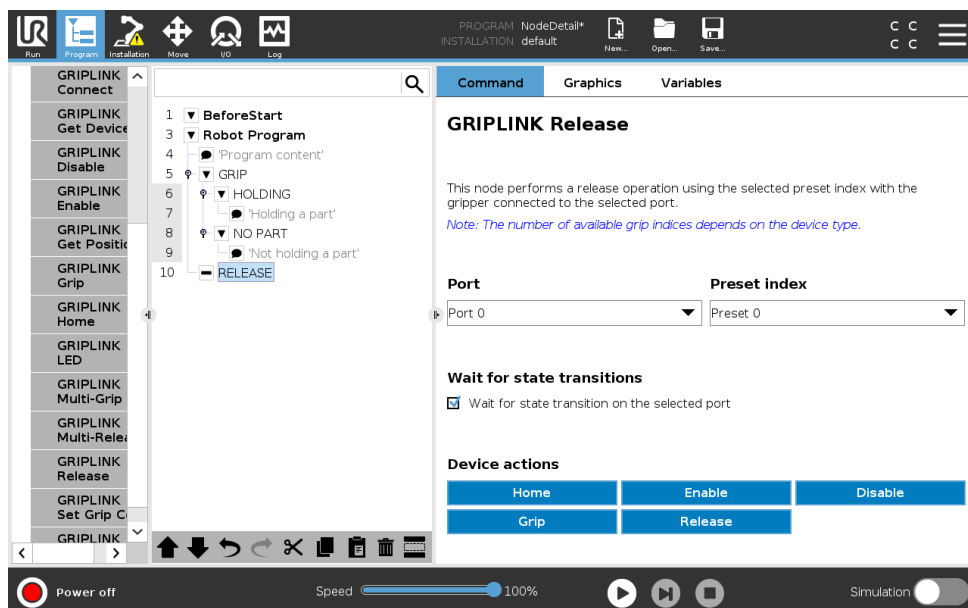
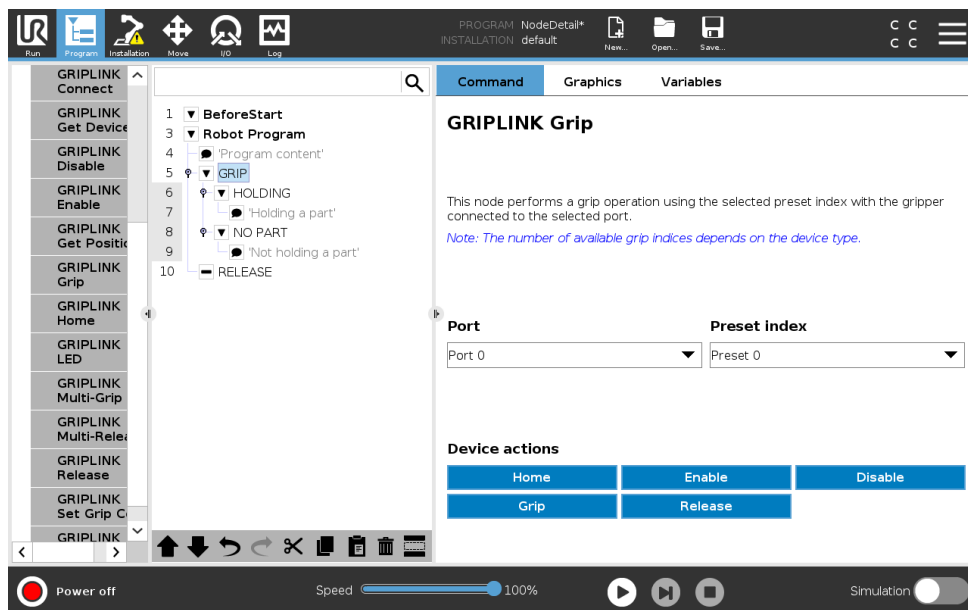
## 6.7 Grip and release – GRIPLINK Grip/Release

Each gripper module knows the basic commands „Grip“ and „Release“. Depending on the gripper module, up to eight freely configurable grip presets can be executed.



Further information on the grips and their parameterization can be found in the operating instructions for the respective gripper module.

In the „GRIPLINK Grip“ and „GRIPLINK Release“ nodes, the port of the desired gripper and the index of the grip can be selected



The „Wait for status transitions“ checkbox in the „GRIPLINK Release“ program node can be used to control whether the system should wait until the device status of the device on the selected port has changed after the command has been executed.

If a device is already in the RELEASED state when the „GRIPLINK Release“ program node is called up, this leads to a timeout and the program is aborted.



Make sure that the devices are in a permissible state if the „Wait for state transitions“ checkbox is checked.

### 6.7.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_GRIP (
    <PORT>,
    <PRESET_INDEX>,
    <WSTR_ENABLED>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<PRESET_INDEX>	Integer	Preset index (0..7)
<WSTR_ENABLED>	Boolean	„True“ to wait for the status transition of the device „False“ so as not to wait for the device to change state
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

```
# Grip with gripper connected to port 0 and preset index 3
# Wait until gripper state changed
GL_GRIP(0,3,True, „sock_griplink“)

# ...
# Move part to place position
# ...

# Release part again
GL_RELEASE(0,3,True, „sock_griplink“)
```

### 6.7.2 Evaluation of the gripping state

After gripping, the „GRIPLINK Grip“ node recognizes whether the gripper has gripped a component or not. Depending on this, the child nodes are then executed under „HOLDING“ (component was gripped) or under „NO PART“ (component was not gripped).

## 6.8 Flexible gripping and releasing – GRIPLINK Flexgrip/Flexrelease

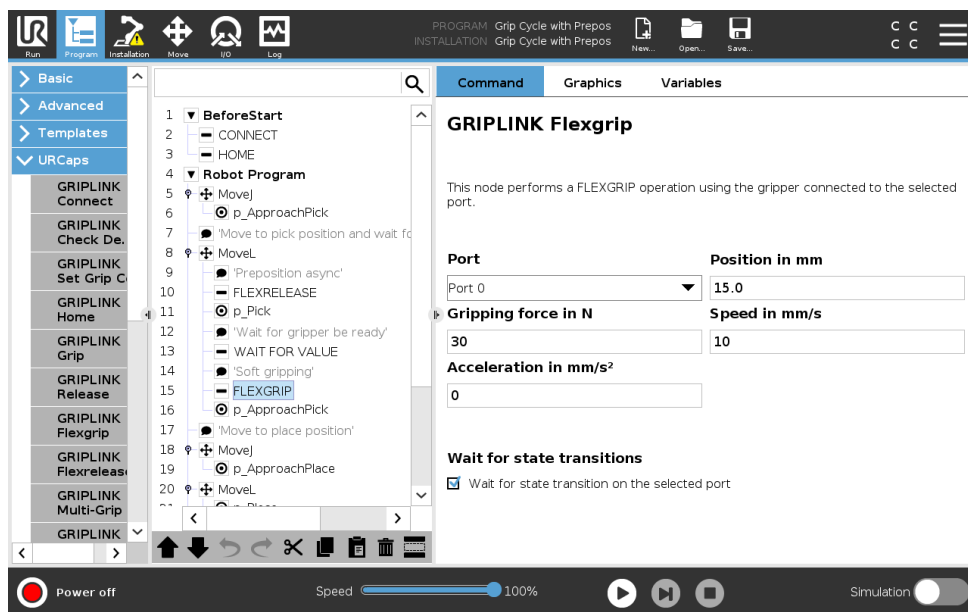
The gripper modules in the WPG series support flexible gripping and releasing. The position, gripping force and movement parameters can be specified independently of presets. This enables fast pre-positioning and gentle gripping, reducing cycle times and protecting gripped parts.



Further information on the movement parameters can be found in the operating instructions for the respective gripping module.

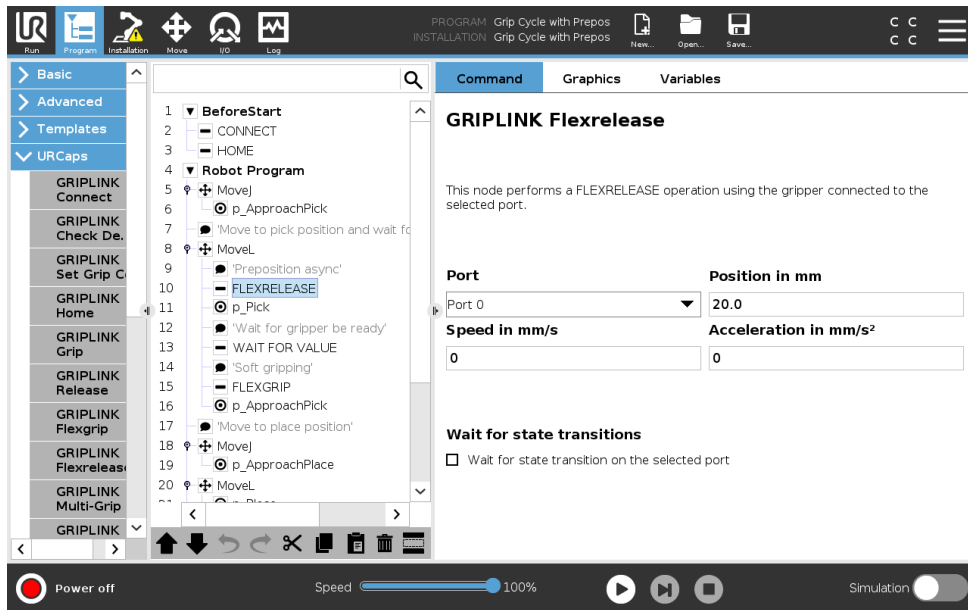
The port of the desired gripper can be selected in the „GRIPLINK Flexgrip“ program node. The target position is specified in millimetres. The gripping force is set in Newtons. The speed in mm/s and the acceleration in mm/s<sup>2</sup> can be specified as movement parameters.

The „Wait for state transitions“ checkbox can be used to control whether the system should wait after executing the command until the device state of the gripper at the selected port has changed.



The port of the desired gripper can be selected in the „GRIPLINK Flexrelease“ program node. The target position is specified in millimeters. The speed in mm/s and the acceleration in mm/s<sup>2</sup> can be specified as movement parameters.

The „Wait for state transitions“ checkbox in the „GRIPLINK Release“ program node can be used to control whether the system should wait until the gripper has reached the target position at the selected port after the command has been executed.



### 6.8.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_FLEXGRIP (
    <PORT>,
    <POSITION>,
    <GRIPPING_FORCE>,
    <SPEED>,
    <ACCELERATION>,
    <WSTR_ENABLED>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

```
GL_FLEXRELEASE (
    <PORT>,
    <POSITION>,
    <SPEED>,
    <ACCELERATION>,
    <WSTR_ENABLED>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<POSITION>	Double	Target position in 1/1000 mm
<GRIPPING_FORCE>	Integer	Gripping force in 1/1000 N (only for GL_FLEXGRIP)
<SPEED>	Integer	Speed in 1/1000 mm/s
<ACCELERATION>	Integer	Acceleration in 1/1000 mm/s <sup>2</sup>



<WSTR_ENABLED>	Boolean	<u>GL_FLEXGRIP</u> „True“ to wait for the status transition of the device „False“ to continue directly to the next node  <u>GL_FLEXRELEASE</u> „True“ to wait for the target position to be reached „False“ to continue directly to the next node
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“  The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

Example:

```

# Preposition with WPG at port 0 to 50.0 mm with optimum speed
# and acceleration
# Wait for target position reached
GL_FLEXRELEASE(0,50000,0,0,True, „sock_griplink“)

# Grip part with No Part Limit 45.0 mm with 100 N and optimum speed
# and acceleration
# Wait for state transition
GL_FLEXGRIP(0,45000,100000,0,0,True,“sock_griplink“)

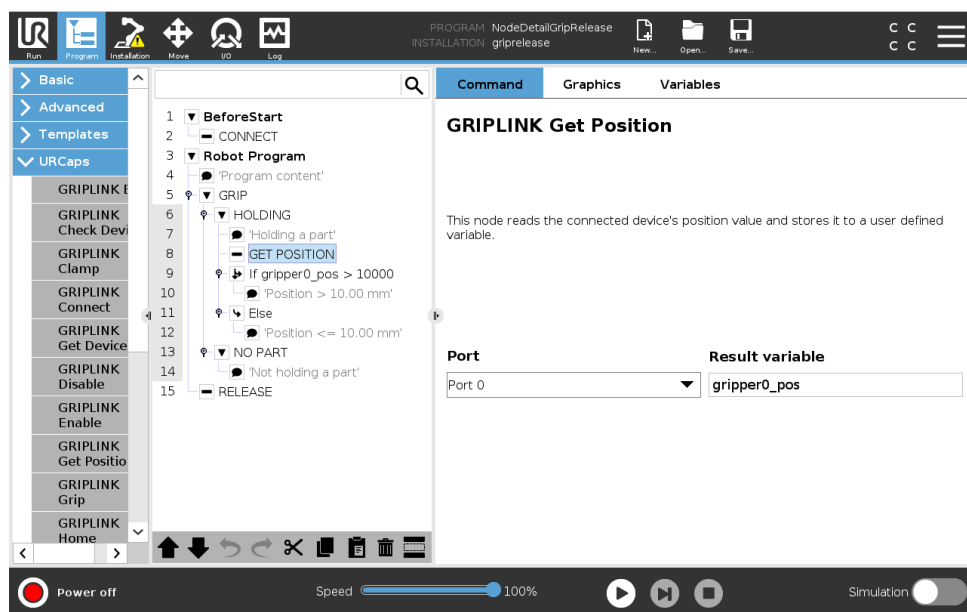
```

## 6.9 Evaluation of the finger position – GRIPLINK Get Position

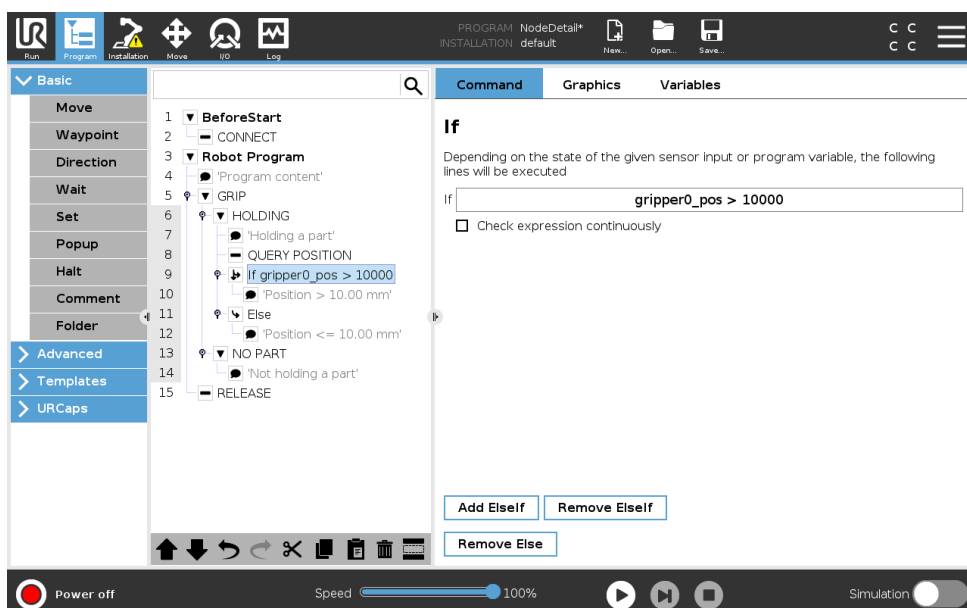
The „GRIPLINK Get Position“ node can be used to read out the position of the finger jaws, for example to check the gripped component based on its size. This writes the current position of the finger jaws of the selected gripping module in thousandths of a millimeter to a variable that can be freely defined by the user.



When defining the variable, make sure that it is only used for evaluating the gripping width of the gripping module!



The finger position can be processed using simple if-else queries:

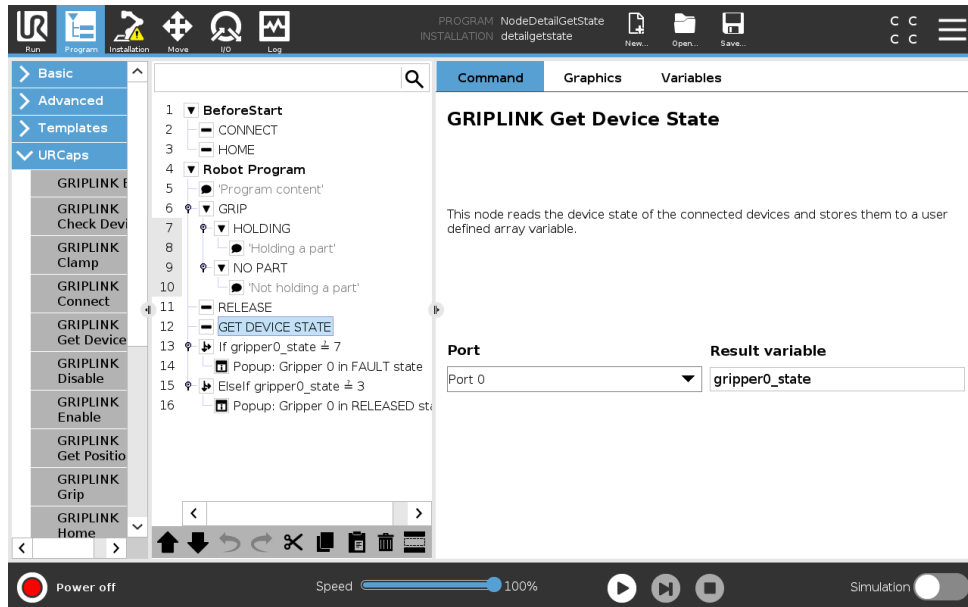


### **6.9.1 Command call with script code**

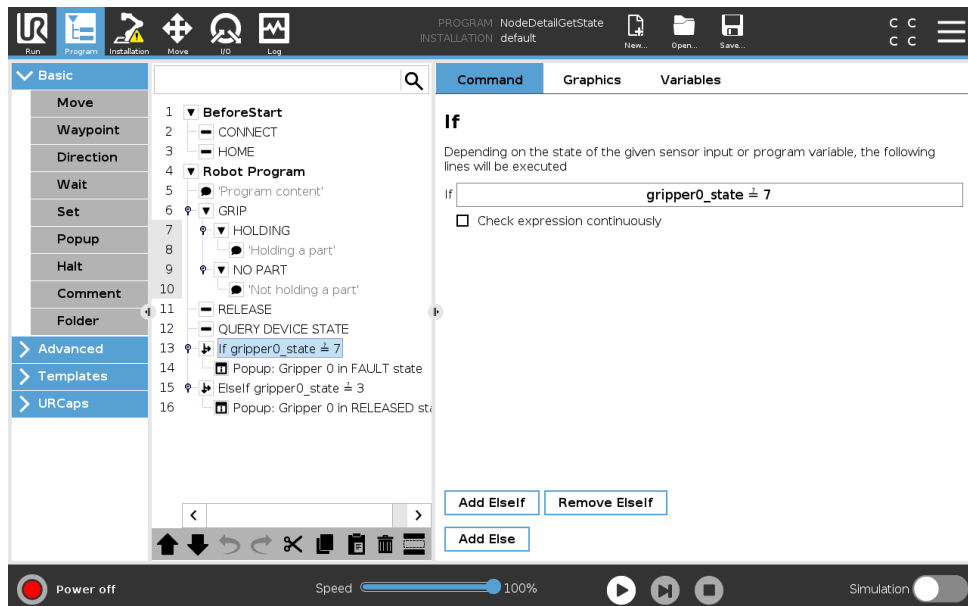
The GL\_VALUE function is used to query the position. The value 0 must be used as the value index (see section 6.12.1).

## 6.10 Status query – GRIPLINK Devstate

The „GRIPLINK Devstate“ node is used to query the status of a device. This writes the read status as a numerical value to the variable defined by the user.



The state can now be processed using if-else constructs. In the following example, the state of a gripper at port 0 is processed:



The possible device states are listed in Appendix A listed!

### 6.10.1 Command call with script code

```
<RETURN_VARIABLE> = GL_DEVSTATE(  
    <PORT>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

Type Return value	Meaning
Integer	Device status (see Appendix A)

Predefined constants can be used for the device statuses.

#### Example:

```
# Grip with gripper connected to port 0 and preset index 3  
# Wait until gripper state changed  
GL_GRIP(0,3,True, „sock_griplink“)  
  
# When state is HOLDING, move to place position  
gripper0_state = GL_DEVSTATE(0, „sock_griplink“)  
if (gripper0_state == S_HOLDING):  
    # Move to place position  
    # ...  
else:  
    # Process other states here  
end
```

## 6.11 Gripping and releasing with multiple grippers – GRIPLINK Multi Grip/Release

The „GRIPLINK Multi-Grip“ and „GRIPLINK Multi-Release“ nodes can be used to execute grip and release commands synchronously with several grippers. The ports of the desired grippers and the uniform index of the grip preset can be selected.

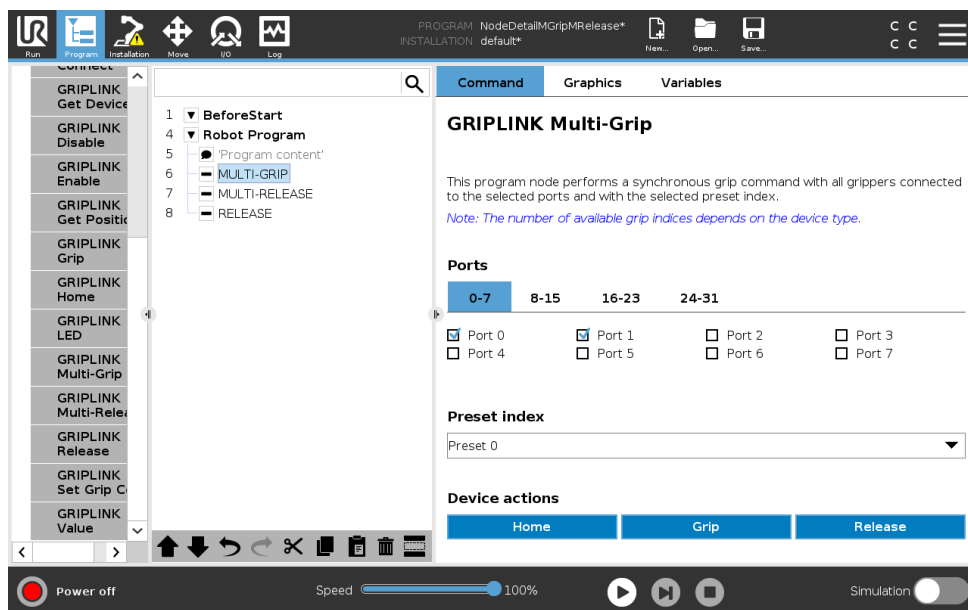
The „Wait for state transitions“ checkbox in the „GRIPLINK Multi-Release“ program node can be used to control whether the system should wait until the device state of all devices on the selected ports has changed after the command has been executed.

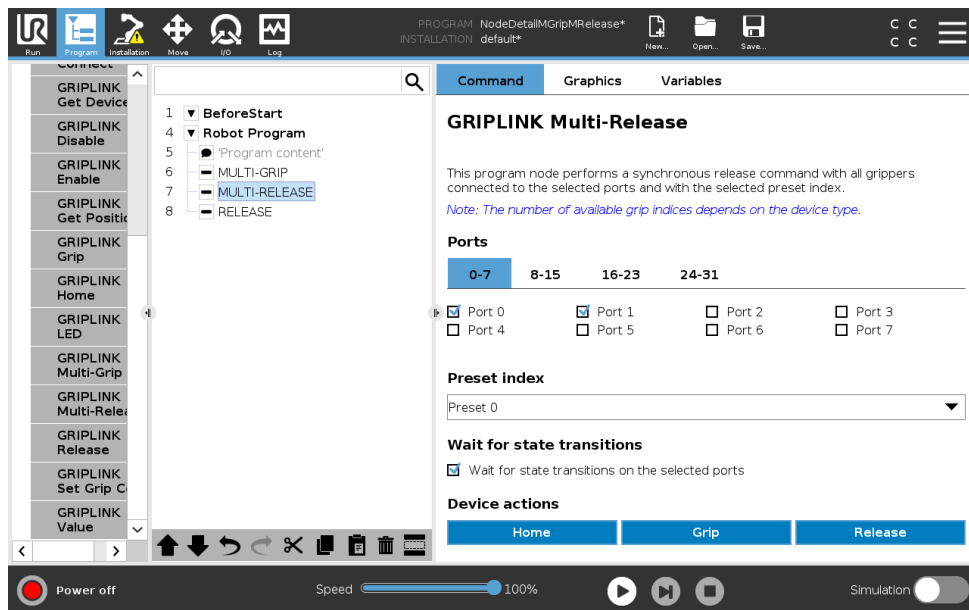
If the status of a device does not change within a specified time, this leads to a timeout and the program is aborted.

The „GRIPLINK Multi-Grip“ program node always waits for a state change.



Make sure that the devices are in a permissible state if the „Wait for state transitions“ checkbox is set in the „GRIPLINK Multi-Release“ program node!





All selected grippers execute the grip/release command with the same preset index. Make sure in advance that the preset configuration is set correctly!

### 6.11.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_MGRIP (  
    <PORTS>,  
    <PRESET_INDEX>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

```
GL_MRELEASE (  
    <PORTS>,  
    <PRESET_INDEX>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORTS>	Integer List	<p>Selected ports as a list with values 0 or 1</p> <p>List contains at least one and a maximum of 31 elements</p> <p>Each element of the list corresponds to the port of the respective list index</p> <p>A port is selected if the corresponding element in the list contains the value 1.</p> <p>Example: Grippers on ports 0, 2 and 3 should be used → List [1, 0, 1, 1]</p>
<PRESET_INDEX>	Integer	Preset index (0..7)
<WSTR_ENABLED>	Boolean	<p>„True“ to wait for status transition of the devices</p> <p>„False“ so as not to wait for the status transition of the devices</p>
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	<p>Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“</p> <p>The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!</p>

#### Example:

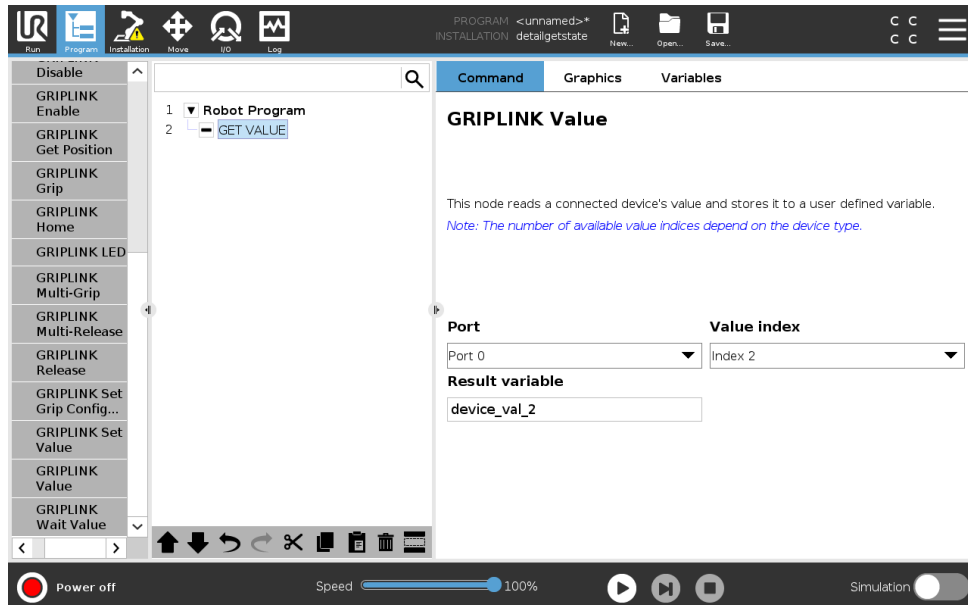
```
# Grip with the grippers connected to ports 0 and 2. Use preset 5.  
GL_MGRIP(5, [1,0,1], „sock_griplink“)
```

```
# Release with the grippers connected to ports 0 and 2. Use preset 5.  
GL_MRELEASE(5, [1,0,1], „sock_griplink“)
```



## 6.12 Reading device values – GRIPLINK Value

Devices such as sensors provide data in the form of indexed values. These values can be read out via the „GRIPLINK Value“ node. Depending on the device, different numbers of values can be read out.



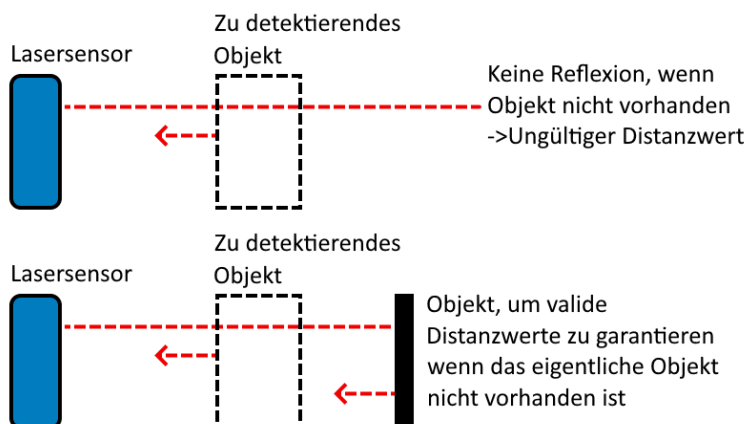
A maximum of eight readable values are possible, although there may be fewer depending on the device.

**Therefore, make sure that a valid value index is always set. Further information can be found in the instructions for the respective device driver.**

The value 2147483647 is used in GRIPLINK, for example, for sensors whose measured variable is outside the measuring range.

**To prevent errors in the program sequence, it should be ensured that valid values (< 2147483647) are always read from the respective device!**

**This can be ensured, for example, by a distance sensor always detecting an object and thus always providing a valid distance instead of the zero value:**



### 6.12.1 Command call with script code

```
<RETURN_VARIABLE> = GL_VALUE (  
    <PORT>,  
    <VALUE_INDEX>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<VALUE_INDEX>	Integer	Value index (0..7)
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

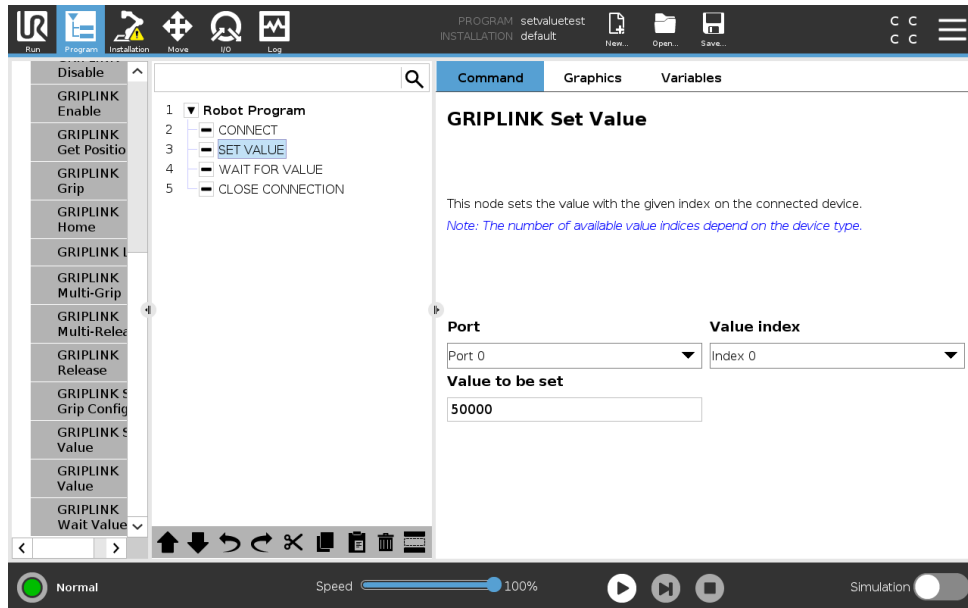
Type Return value	Meaning
Integer	Value of the device value read out

#### Example:

```
# Get value 0 (position) of gripper IEG 55-020 connected to port 0  
gripper0_position = GL_VALUE(0,0, „sock_griplink“)
```

## 6.13 Set device value – GRIPLINK Set Value

Some devices support the setting of values. The „GRIPLINK Set Value“ node is used for this.



This function is not available on all devices.

### 6.13.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_SETVAL (
    <PORT>,
    <VALUE_INDEX>,
    <VALUE>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<VALUE_INDEX>	Integer	Value index (0..7) Depending on the device, fewer than 8 values may be available!
<VALUE>	Integer	Value to be set Scaled with 1/1000
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“  The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

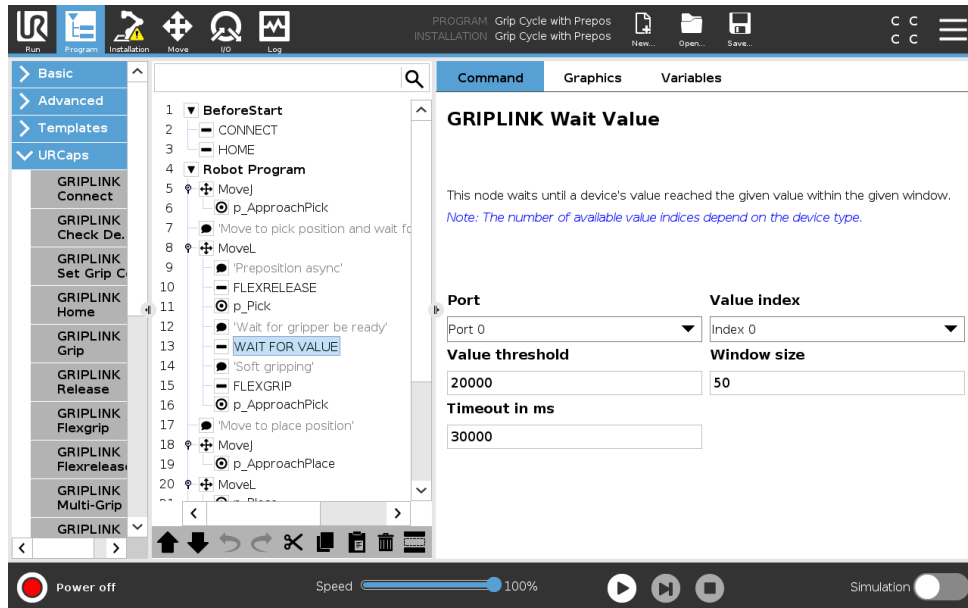
Example:

```
# Set device value 2 of device connected to port 3 to value 12
# Value 12 scaled with 1/1000 => 12,000
GL_SETVAL(3,2,12000,"sock_griplink")
```

## 6.14 Wait for device value – GRIPLINK Wait Value

After setting a device value, it may be necessary to wait until the value has been reached. For actuators, for example, this can be a target position. This behavior can be mapped with the „GRIPLINK Wait Value“ node.

The system waits until the device value enters the value range (window) around the target value (threshold value) within the specified time. If the window is not reached within a certain time, a timeout error is generated.



This function is not available on all devices.



The window size should be selected in advance depending on the rate of change of the device value in order to enable reliable and accurate detection!

### 6.14.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_WAITVAL(  
    <PORT>,  
    <VALUE_INDEX>,  
    <VALUE_THRESHOLD>,  
    <WINDOW_SIZE>,  
    <TIMEOUT_MS>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<VALUE_INDEX>	Integer	Value index (0..7) Depending on the device, fewer than 8 values may be available!
<VALUE_THRESHOLD>	Integer	Threshold value to be reached Scaled with 1/1000
<WINDOW_SIZE>	Integer	Window size that specifies the value range centered around the threshold value within which the WAITVAL command terminates without error Scaled with 1/1000
<TIMEOUT_MS>	Integer	Maximum duration in ms for which the system waits for the target value to be reached
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“  The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

```
# Wait for sensor connected to port 0 to reach a value of 4000 +/- 500  
# within at most 15 seconds  
# Value threshold 4000 scaled with 1/1000 => 4,000,000  
# Window size 500 scaled with 1/1000 => 500,000  
# 15 s => 15,000 ms  
GL_WAITVAL(0,4000000,500000,15000,"sock_griplink")
```

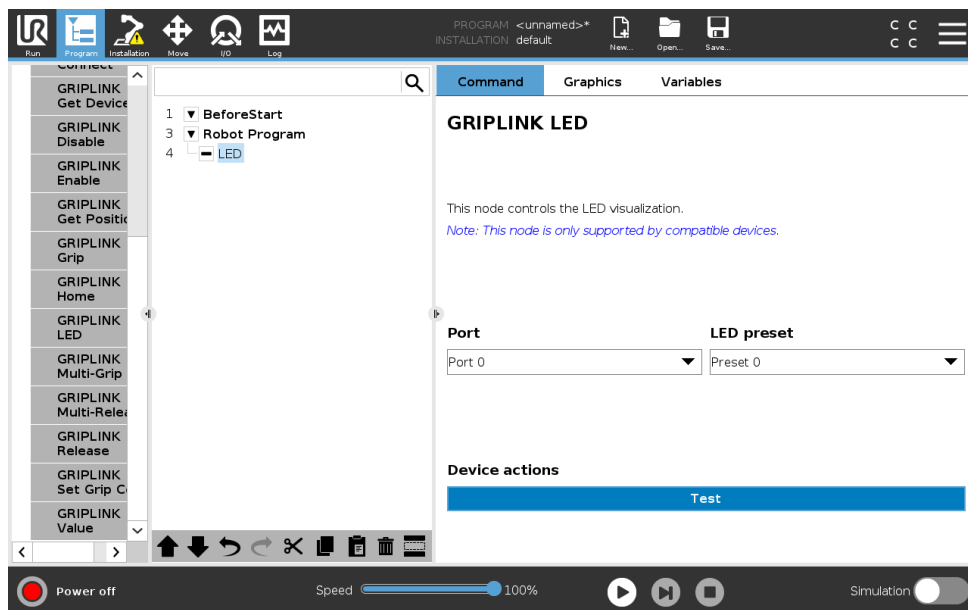
## 6.15 Control of the LED illuminated ring – GRIPLINK LED

The gripper modules in the CRG series from WEISS ROBOTICS have an LED light ring for visualizing various operating states. They can be controlled as independent instructions. All CRG gripper modules each have eight configurable presets that can be started via the instruction.



Further information on LED visualization and its parameterization can be found in the operating instructions for the CRG gripping modules.

The port of the desired gripper and the index of the preset can be selected via the settings of the „GRIPLINK LED“ node.



The LED function is only available on compatible devices!

### 6.15.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_LED(  
    <PORT>,  
    <PRESET_INDEX>,  
    <SOCKET_NAME>  
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<PRESET_INDEX>	Integer	Preset index (0..7)
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

```
# Set LED pattern preset 4 of CRG 200-085 connected to port 0  
GL_LED(0,4, „sock_griplink“)
```



## 6.16 Configuring a grip preset – GRIPLINK Set Grip Config

Depending on the gripper module, up to eight freely configurable grips can be executed. The „GRIPLINK Set Grip Config“ node can be used to adjust the grip parameters during operation, for example to initialize a gripping module at the start of a program or to react flexibly to changes in the sequence.



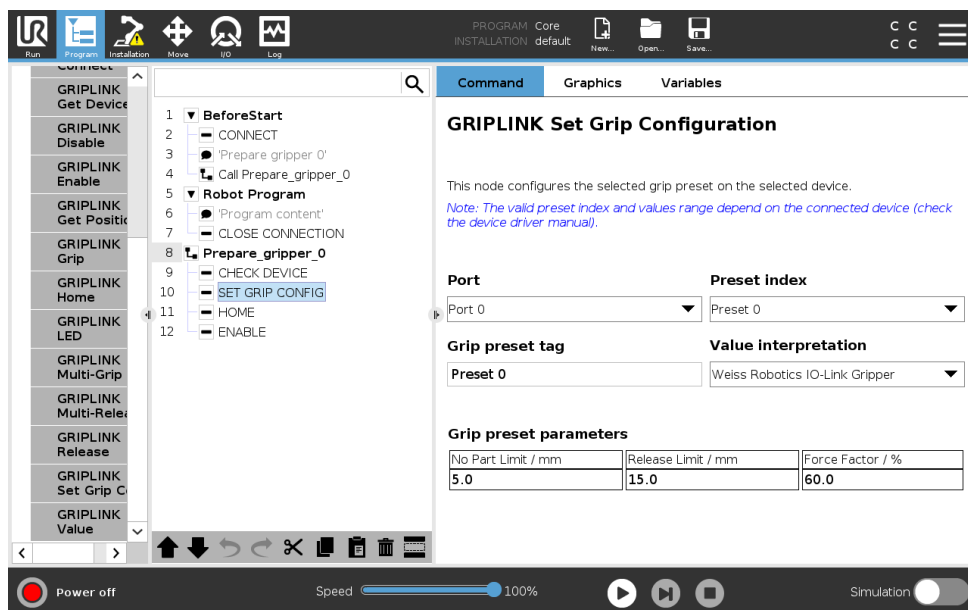
Further information on the gripping parameters, in particular the limitations, can be found in the operating instructions for the respective gripping modules.

The port of the desired gripper and the index of the preset can be selected in the „GRIPLINK Set Grip Config“ node overview.

The „Value Interpretation“ drop-down field can be used to adjust the display of the values, depending on the meaning of the individual parameters. Non-relevant parameters are hidden for certain devices. No part limit and release limit as well as the percentage gripping force (force factor) can be specified for gripping modules from WEISS ROBOTICS

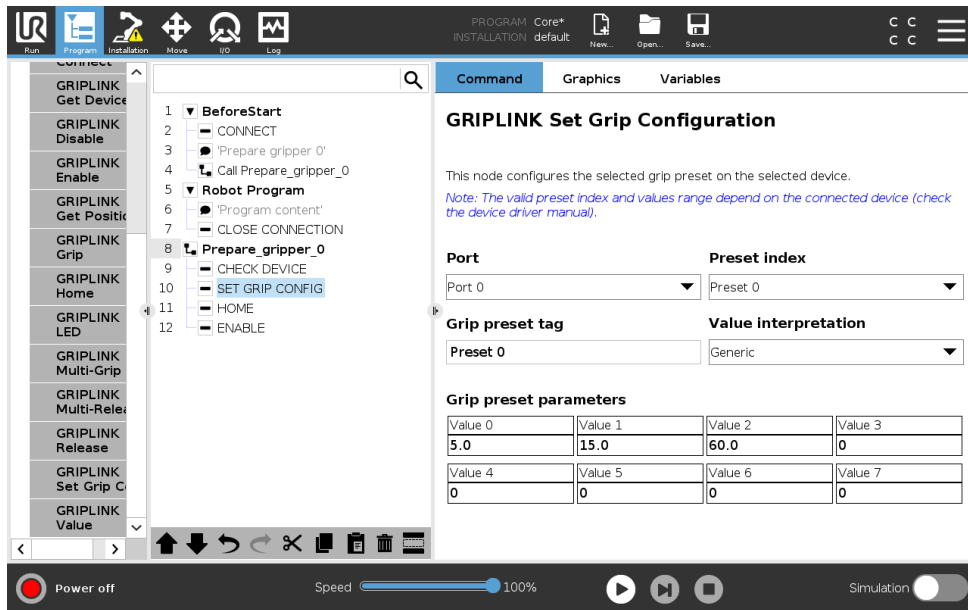


For gripping modules from WEISS ROBOTICS, the „Weiss Robotics“ parameter template must be selected so that the values entered are checked and displayed correctly.



Please note that, depending on the gripper module, not all eight configurable handles are always available!

The generic view can be used for other devices. All eight available parameters are visible here, even if not all of them are used by the device.



### 6.16.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_SETGRIPCFG (
    <PORT>,
    <PRESET_INDEX>,
    <PRESET_PARAMS>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<PRESET_INDEX>	Integer	Preset index (0..7)
<PRESET_PARAMS>	Integer List	Selected ports as a list with scaled values List contains at least one and a maximum of 8 elements
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“ The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

#### Example:

```
# Prepare preset parameters for params 0, 1, and 2
preset_params = [10000,20000,30000]

# Set grip preset 3 of device connected to port 0
GL_SETGRIPCFG(0,3,preset_params, „sock_griplink“)
```

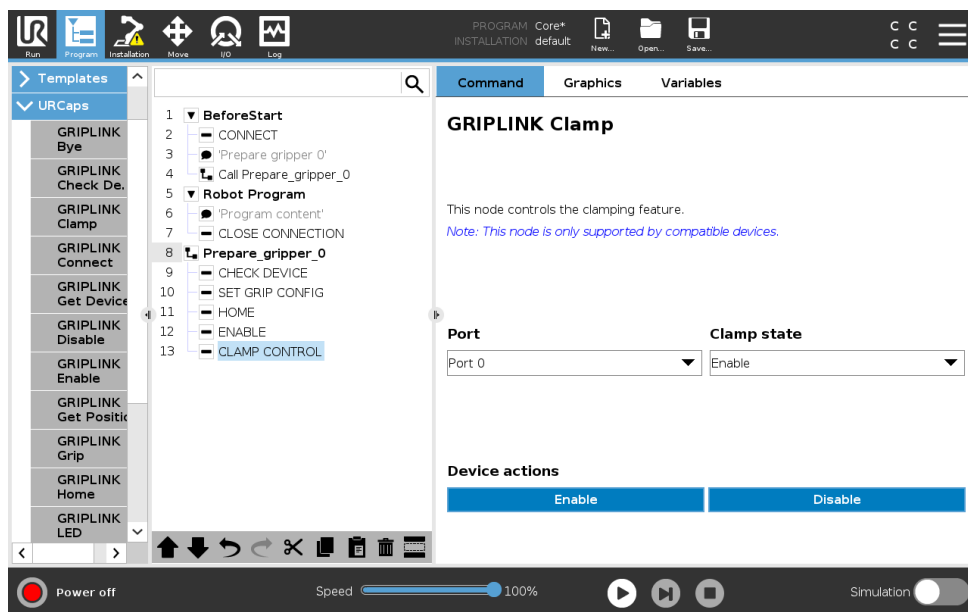
## 6.17 Control mechanical clamping – GRIPLINK Clamp

The CRG series grippers from WEISS ROBOTICS are equipped with the PERMAGRIP feature. This makes it possible to switch off the motor control during prolonged gripping of components and still hold the component securely.

The “GRIPLINK Clamp” node is used to activate this clamp.



Further information on mechanical clamping can be found in the operating instructions for the respective gripping module.



### 6.17.1 Command call with script code

```
GL_CLAMP (
    <PORT>,
    <CLAMP_STATE>,
    <SOCKET_NAME>
)
```

Parameters	Type	Meaning
<PORT>	Integer	Port index (0..31)
<CLAMP_STATE>	Boolean	„True“ to activate clamping „False“ to deactivate clamping
<SOCKET_NAME>	String	Name of the socket to be used, e.g. „sock_griplink“  The socket name is used in all subsequent nodes in the robot program!

**Example:**

```
# Enable clamping of CRG 200-085 at port 0
GL_CLAMP(0,True, „sock_griplink“)

# Grip with CRG 200-085 at port 0
GL_GRIP(0,0, „sock_griplink“)

# Hold part for longer time
#...
```

## Anhang A Device status

The following table lists the possible status values of connected devices. The constants specified in the rear column can be used in the robot program (see section 6.1).

Device status	Value	Meaning	Name of the URScript constant
NOT CONNECTED	0	Gripper module not connected	S_NOT_CONNECTED
NOT INITIALIZED	1	Gripper module not initialized	S_NOT_INITIALIZED
IDLE	2	Drive inactive Fingers can be moved manually  Device deactivated	S_DISABLED
RELEASED	3	Workpiece released	S_RELEASED
NO PART	4	No workpiece found	S_NO_PART
HOLDING	5	Workpiece is held	S_HOLDING
ENABLED	6	Drive active Finger position is held  Device activated	S_OPERATING
FAULT	7	Error state	S_FAULT



Do not assign any values to the UR script constants other than those listed in the table, as otherwise the function of the URCap will be impaired and malfunctions may occur!

© 2024 WEISS ROBOTICS GmbH & Co. KG. All rights reserved.

GRIPLINK and PERMAGRIP are registered trademarks of WEISS ROBOTICS GmbH & Co KG. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

The specifications given in this document are subject to change without notice for the purpose of product improvement. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Our products are not intended for use in life support systems or for systems where misuse could result in personal injury.

